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## The Intelligencer

WHEELING, JANUARY 17, 1895.

## REPUBLICAN CITY TICKET.

FOR MAYOR,

R. F. CALDWELL.

FOR CITY SERGEANT,

THOS. D. BENNETT.

FOR CITY CLERK,

CHAS. E. DANNENBERG.

FOR WAREHOUSE MASTER,

J. W. NORRINGTON.

THE Daily Intelligencer will be sent from now until March 4 for one dollar. If you want to keep posted on the doings of the Legislature send in your dollar at once.

## Jones's Bill.

"Jones's hybrid currency bill" is the apt title given by the Chicago Tribune to the measure prepared by Senator Jones, of Nebraska, to "settle the currency question." The provisions of the Jones proposition are briefly stated as follows:

It provides for a five hundred million dollar bond issue at 2½ per cent, payable in gold, and to be used both for the purpose of meeting the current expenses of the government when necessary and redemption of United States notes and treasury notes. These bonds are to be used up to their par value as the basis for a national bank note circulation in denominations of not less than \$20. Note for less than \$20 each are to be provided in the shape of silver certificates issued against silver dollars which are to be coined for any and everybody who will sell silver bullion to the mint at its gold value and take for his pay in silver dollars of the present weight and fineness. So the only restriction to free coinage allowed by the bill would be that silver bullion must not be presented to the mint in less than a stated quantity or below a named standard of fineness, and that the government shall take as "seigniorage" the difference between the bullion and face value of the silver coin.

The Tribune thinks that the first proposition would be all right if it stood by itself, except the feature limiting bank notes to not less than \$20 each. The second feature, however, is open to the most serious criticism. Those who have studied the question see in it a means through which the parity between gold and silver coins has been maintained would be broken down. Senator Jones, being a radical free silver man, it is believed counts on this result. Commenting on this phase of the question our contemporary says:

The silver mine owners would have a market provided for all their product at its bullion value as proposed by Senator Jones, but would be paid for it with paper having full value behind it, and might reasonably expect better prices for their product when the fear of depreciation of the currency through silver purchases was abolished. Jones had no right to object that on the Wisconsin plan there would not be much additional circulation for silver dollars; inasmuch as his proposition provides for the use of paper currency in place of silver dollars, and he knows by experience that the people prefer bills of small denominations to the silver dollars. It is true the issue paper for the bullion value of the silver, such paper to be redeemed in full value with silver, the time of redemption would not give to the government a "seigniorage." But it would permit the government to be a signer to the full extent that silver appreciated in value while held in the treasury, that being no small measure. If the silver men are honest in claiming that free coinage would restore silver to a value of one-sixteenth that of an equal weight of gold; and it would obviate a vast, distasteful and unnecessary loss of money, the fact that the proposed "seigniorage" would be a debt which must be paid some time or other unless it were formerly repudiated.

In regard to the further effects of the plan proposed by Mr. Jones, the New York Tribune, which jumps onto it quite as severely as its Chicago namesake, says:

The issue of silver certificates against bullion minted will, of course, be unlimited in amount, and it is pointed out that these shall be of denominations less than \$20, while bank, treasury and legal tender notes of less than \$20 shall be retired. This would substitute a currency redeemable in silver only for nearly all the notes and bills in the hands of the people, while the bankers and capitalists would have for their use notes redeemable in gold. If the wage-earners could be satisfied with an inferior kind of money, it would be still more true that the volume of practically irredeemable currency would be vastly increased—for paper that is current at 100 cents and redeemable only in metal intrinsically worth 75 cents is practically irredeemable. How long a divergence between silver and gold paper could be prevented, under such circumstances, one can only guess.

It is not, therefore, the bankers and the capitalists alone who are vitally interested in the matter. As soon as the silver paper and coin, under the Jones plan, come to be at a discount in gold, the holder of silver bullion would receive its value in depreciated paper. The poor men, the wage earners, then, would have the depreciated money and be at the mercy of a slave by the money lenders in order to get the better currency.

Financial authorities, who have examined the Jones bill, do not see in it a scheme by which the parity of gold and silver can be maintained. Only upon such a basis can a satisfactory and safe currency system be constructed, under the present circumstances.

The terrible explosion during a fire at Butte, Mont., which wiped out at one blow the entire fire department,

men and horses, scarcely has its parallel in all history. The fact that the disaster was due to the criminal negligence of a hardware company in illegally keeping giant powder in their store adds horror to the affair. It goes without saying that avenging justice will be swift and sure in this case.

## The Situation in France.

The resignation of President Casimir-Perier, of the French republic, has precipitated a crisis unusually grave in character, and likely to produce far-reaching consequences. That the action of the president and his cabinet has caused consternation and anxiety throughout France is not surprising in view of the circumstances leading up to it.

The policy which was adopted by the president on assuming the reins of government was one which not only guaranteed the stability of the republic but called for the sympathy of the civilized world. It stood for the republic against socialism and anarchy. It is not surprising, therefore, that, when the attempt in the chamber of deputies to bring about the release of M. Gerauld-Richard, who had been sentenced to prison for libeling the president, developed a strong opposition to the latter and sympathy for the former, Casimir-Perier was deeply affected, and fretted under the criticisms hurled at him in the chamber.

This episode, which brought about strained relations between the administration and the chamber of deputies, was followed up by the election of M. Brisson to the presidency of the chamber. Brisson was one of the leaders of the opposition to the president's policy, and had been strongly in favor of the release of Girauld-Richard from prison and of the amnesty of all who had been convicted of political crimes. This was a direct slap at the president and his government, and was the last straw which forced him to his determination to resign.

Casimir-Perier saw in these developments "incidents of a struggle," as he expresses it, "against the parliamentary regime and public liberties." The president of the French republic was not spared from party attacks, and the republicans did not come to his support as he had a right to expect. No other course was left open for him but to resign. This he has done, and the gravest crisis that has come upon France for years is on.

What the end will be no man can predict, but the republic has demonstrated in recent years that it has gained powers of quick recovery, and it is hoped that the wisest counsel will prevail in the present crisis.

Col. BRECKINRIDGE should not be discouraged over the failure of his hippodrome tour. He might succeed as a dime museum attraction.

## The Ricks Case.

The decision of the house committee on the judiciary to report a resolution for the impeachment of Judge Augustus J. Ricks, of Cleveland, was not surprising in view of the fact that the prosecution of the judge has involved politics to some extent. The division in the committee was practically on party lines.

The charge against Judge Ricks is malfeasance in office, preferred by the Central Labor Union of Cleveland. It is claimed that while on the bench he paid to himself fees, claiming that he had previously earned them as clerk of the court. It is held by his accusers that he was not entitled to them.

Only three or four times since the establishment of the government have United States judges been called upon to stand impeachment trials before Congress, and the present case will excite extraordinary interest. As the matter will go over to the next Congress, the outcome can be only a matter of speculation at this time.

The wholesale discharge of workmen by the Carnegie company at Homestead for attending a labor meeting has caused indignation in all quarters. While the Carnegie company has the unquestionable right to say who shall and shall not be in its employ, such summary action as that of Monday was not justifiable from a fair point of view.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND is quoted as saying to a Democratic congressman: "I do not want to call an extra session, but, reluctant as I am to be forced to call on the Republicans to deal with a question which the Democrats should dispose of with credit to themselves, I can see no other way out." Certainly, that is the logic of the situation.

The total number of immigrants arriving at the ports of the United States in 1894 was 248,983, as against 488,776 1893, a falling off of nearly one-half. Contrasted with this, our total exports during 1894 amounted in value to \$824,967,364 as against \$875,831,858 in 1893.

When Chairman Wilson declared that the new tariff would yield enough revenue to support the government he missed his guess by \$90,000,000, but Chairman Wilson is not the only Democratic statesman who has lived to realize the failure of his predictions.

SENATOR CAMDEN is clearly entitled to the compliment of the nomination for senator at the hands of the Democratic members of the legislature, not only because he is the sitting senator, but because of his great services to the Democratic party.

A RESOLUTION acknowledging its incompetency to legislate for the business interests of the country and providing for an immediate adjournment, passed by the present Congress, would receive the endorsement of the country.

"SHALL New York have a Parkway?" is the heading of an article in the New York World. She has a Parkhurst; isn't that enough to satisfy her?

## BREAKFAST BUDGET.

Probably the highest price ever asked for a new book is the \$300 demanded for the vellum edition of the Chaucer in folio with wood cuts by Burns Jones and large ornamental borders by William Morris, issued by the Kelmscott press.

Prodigality in its most aggravated form has come to light in the expensive account of the Lawrence (Kan.) jailer, who charged twenty-five cents for four months' rations of soap for a dozen prisoners.

A large cat, which succeeded in awaking the father of the house by clawing his whiskers, is credited with saving the Woolfolk family of Maringou, Ind., the other night from being burned.

The white capped cone of Fuji San towers 12,000 feet above the sea and dwarfs all other sights between Hong Kong and Yokohama. It is considered the most beautiful mountain in the world.

The colony of Waldenses at Valdesa, Burke county, North Carolina, has, up to this time, held the lands there in common, but now each family takes what it can cultivate and pay for.

A Mennonite colony is to be established in the western part of Shannon county, Mo. About seventy-five families will move to Shannon from Nebraska within a year.

The lower house of the Massachusetts legislature has appointed a committee to prepare a history of the old codfish that has long hung in its assembly chamber.

A Smith county, Kan., man whose hogs had cholera got desperate and fed them strychnine, not caring if they all died, but, just like hogs, they all got well.

Aroostook, Me., has had a great variation of weather this week. On one day the thermometer registered twenty degrees below zero, and the next day it rained.

The Canary islands have a Latin name, canis, "a dog." They were so named from the large and fierce mastiffs bred on the islands.

In China, which has long been known as "the land of opposites," the dials of clocks are made to turn around, while the hands stand still.

Justice Grosvenor, of Trenton, N. J., has fined his own father \$2 for having neglected to remove the snow from his sidewalk.

If there is luck in odd numbers, 1895 is all right.

New York police cost \$5,500,000 yearly.

## West Virginia Roads.

Partersburg State Journal.

No wilder scheme could well be imagined than that of making the public roads of West Virginia with convict labor. True they might make a few miles of roads, those who did not choose to run away, but the expense would be enormous. The respectable and law abiding people of West Virginia are the people who use public roads.

—Spencer Bulletin.

The Bulletin did its speaking before it did its thinking. It is not proposed by anybody to distribute the convicts in squads over the state and put them to work filling mudholes under the direction of overseers.

The plan is to put them to work preparing material for use in making permanent road-beds. This is the plan in use in New Jersey, where they have the finest public roads in America, and where the convicts break most of the stone with which these marvelous roads are built. The ball-and-chain is used and very few overseers are necessary. The stone is broken on the penitentiary grounds and the railroads haul the stone at the actual cost of transportation, in some instances doing it absolutely free. Nobody realizes better than the railroads that the better the country roads are the more business there will be for the railroads to do.

At present the convicts in our penitentiaries are competing (where they work at all) with honest labor. Put them to work breaking stone for road-beds for the public highways, and they will not be competing with anybody. If the editor of the Bulletin will drive over the convict-made roads in New Jersey, as the present writer has had the pleasure of doing more than once, and compare them with the abominable and disgraceful roads in West Virginia he will doubtless revise his opinion as to the practicability of the scheme to put the convicts to work improving the roads.

## DAILY HINTS TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

FRIDAY, JAN. 13.

Why do we heap huge mounds of years  
 Before us and behind us?  
 And scorn the little days that pass  
 Like angels on the wind?  
 MISS METLOCK.

BREAKFAST—Graham mush with cream.  
 Minced beef on toast. Boiled eggs.  
 Prunes. Rolls. Coffee.  
 DINNER—Fried fish. Baked potatoes.  
 Corn bread. Pickles. Macaroni and  
 cheese. Light brood. Canned pears.  
 SUPPER—Dried beef in cream gravy.  
 Browned potatoes. Apple sauce and  
 Graham crackers (home made). Milk.  
 Tea.

[Copyright.]

## OVER THE SEA TO SKYE.

Sing me a song of a lad that is gone;  
 Say, could that lad be I?  
 Merry of soul he sailed on a day  
 Over the sea to Skye.

Mull was a stern, egg on the port,  
 Rum on the starboard bow;  
 Glory of youth glowed in his soul;  
 Where is that glory now?

Sing me a song of a lad that is gone;  
 Say, could that lad be I?  
 Merry of soul he sailed on a day  
 Over the sea to Skye.

Give me again all that was there,  
 Give me the eyes, give me the soul,  
 Give me the lad that's gone!

Sing me a song of a lad that is gone,  
 Say, could that lad be I?  
 Merry of soul he sailed on a day  
 Over the sea to Skye.

Billow and breeze, islands and seas,  
 Mountains of rain and sun,  
 All that was good, all that was fair,  
 All that was mine is gone.  
 ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON.

KEEP your blood pure and healthy and you will not have rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives the blood vitality and richness.

CARLTON CORNWELL, foreman of the Gazette, Middletown, N. J., believes that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy should be in every home. He used it for a cold and it effected a speedy cure. He says: "It is indeed a grand remedy. I can recommend to all. I have also seen it used for whooping cough, with the best results."

The best balm in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chancres, hemorrhoids, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Logan Drug Company.

Children Cry for  
 Pitcher's Castoria.

## STRUCK AN AMERICAN

Missionary and Now He Will Be Punished by the Turkish Government.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 16.—Upon the representation of the United States minister, Mr. Alexander W. Terrell, the captain of gendarmes of the town of Kaissa, in the Sivas district, has been summoned to this city in order to undergo punishment for ill-treating Mr. Hubbard, an American missionary. It seems that Mr. Hubbard was on his way to call upon an Armenian friend when the captain stopped him and demanded his passport and took him to a police station and struck him. Mr. Hubbard was finally released and placed the matter before the United States minister with the result already told.

## Whisky Trust in Session.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—A special to the Post from Peoria, Ill., says: The directors of the whisky trust began what promises to be a very important meeting today, with all the members present. It had been thought that by this time they would have received instructions from the stockholders as to what course to pursue in the reorganization matter, but the largest stockholders still remain silent. It seems to be the disposition to allow the matter to go over until the annual meeting in April and the directors will have to devise plans for keeping things going until then. The prospect for another increase in the tax on spirits will also be considered.

## Pottery Officials Re-elected.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16.—At today's session of the United States pottery convention the officers for the last year were re-elected for the year 1895. Nine pottery firms were elected to membership in the association. A special committee consisting of William Burgess, of Trenton, N. J.; C. W. Brockman, of Cincinnati, and N. A. Frederick, of East Liverpool, O., were elected as representatives of the association at the manufacturers' convention to be held in Cincinnati on July 22.

## Steubenville Grocer Closed.

STEUBENVILLE, O., Jan. 16.—Ed J. Gorman, a Steubenville grocer, was closed yesterday on an execution amounting to several hundred dollars on a judgment in the court of Harrison county, in favor of John Orr's Sons, wholesale grocers of this city.

## Long Distance Telephone Opened.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

TORONTO, O., Jan. 16.—The opening of the long distance telephone service in Toronto was celebrated by a public reception at the parlors of the Sewer Pipe exchange in this city Tuesday night, for which several hundred invitations were issued. The affair was in charge of Manager M. R. Wolff, and was a great success.

## Well Known Firm Dissolves.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

TORONTO, O., Jan. 16.—Meyers & McFerron, contractors and builders, of this city, who have been in the business here for nearly twenty years, have dissolved partnership, Mr. F. A. McFerron, continuing the business.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.  
 Sold by druggists, 75c.

THERE is good reason for the popularity of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Davis & Buzard, of West Montmorey, Clarion Co., Pa., says: "It has cured people that our physicians could do nothing for. We persuaded them to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and they now recommend it with the rest of us." 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Chas. R. Goetzke, Will W. Irwin, John Klari, Wm. E. Williams, C. Menckemoller, Wm. H. Hague, H. C. Stewart, A. E. Scheele, J. Coleman, C. Schnepf, Wm. Menckemoller, Wheeling, W. Va.; Bowie & Co., Bridgeport; B. F. Peabody & Son, Benwood.

Statistics gathered in the St. Louis schools show that there are nearly twice as many light-haired as dark-haired girls.



THE WAY IS OPEN to health and strength, if you're a nervous, delicate woman. The medicine to cure you, the tonic to build you up, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. You can depend upon it. The makers say it will help you, or cost you nothing. They guarantee it.

As a safe and certain remedy for women's ailments, nothing can compare with the "Prescription." It's an invigorating, restorative tonic, and a soothing, strengthening nerving, perfectly harmless in any condition of the female system.

It's a marvelous remedy for nervous and general debility, St. Vitus's Dance, Fainting Spells, Dizziness, Sleeplessness, and all the nervous disorders due to functional derangements. It has often, by restoring the womanly functions, cured cases of Insanity.

PIERCE Guar-  
 antees a CURE  
 OR MONEY RETURNED.

Miss Maria Parloa  
 Strongly Recommends  
 the use of

Liebig COMPANY'S  
 Extract of Beef

and also has written a neat  
 COOK BOOK.  
 Welch will be sent  
 free on application  
 to Dauchy & Co.,  
 27 Park Place, New  
 York.

GROCERIES ETC.  
 CEYLON TEA.  
 SUPERIOR IN STRENGTH,  
 RICH IN FLAVOR,  
 MORE ECONOMICAL.  
 Try a Quarter Pound Package, at  
 H. F. BEHRENS',  
 177 2217 Market Street.

## DO YOU FEEL WEAK?

Are You Nervous, Tired and  
 Fretful?

What Would You Give to be Sud-  
 ently Made Well.

You Can Get All Over These Feel-  
 ings If You Will Do as We Say.

So many people are being cured of nervousness, weakness, tired feeling, sleeplessness, loss of appetite, bad taste in the mouth, biliousness and constipation, by that wonderful medicine, Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, that it seems as though all such diseases must soon disappear.

And so they would if everybody would take the one medicine which is known to cure them. Mrs. Mary Blood, of Elizabethtown, Essex county, N. Y., had the good judgment to see this was just what she needed. She took it and got well.

"About three years ago," she says, "I was taken with a mysterious trouble, trembling so that I was obliged to give up and go to bed. I had spells of violent vomiting, which ran into dyspepsia of the worst form. One day I was taken with a severe spell of shivering and trembling, and became terribly alarmed."

"I consulted physicians and took their treatment, but got no better. They said it was a severe case of prostration of the nerves, but they could not help me. I took many kinds of medicines, but without benefit."

"I continually grew worse until, if the least excitement came over me I was completely exhausted, and obliged to give up entirely and go to bed. I was a complete wreck for about two years. During this time I doctored continually but without any good results, for I had pains all over my body and suffered awfully."



MRS. MARY BLOOD.

"Nobody can tell how bad I was. One day I took up a paper and saw Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy advertised, and the wonderful cures it had performed, and told my husband I thought it would suit my case. We immediately sent out and got a bottle."

"The first bottle I took helped me, and after I had taken five bottles I was completely cured. Myself and daughter did the work, including washing, for city boarders, eighteen in the family, and did it easily."

"I could sleep well nights, my food digested well, my nervousness all left me, and I felt like a new woman. My husband said my sleeping well was worth one hundred dollars to him in not keeping him awake nights as I used to."

"I think Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is one of the best medicines there is, and I sincerely believe that if everybody would take more of it they would be far better. I cannot say enough in praise of this medicine. I most gladly and joyfully write this for the public benefit, and send my blessing along with it."

Such strong testimonials as this count. If all the suffering men and women in this broad land could know the great good, the strong nerves, pure blood, and perfect health which would come to them by using Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, how quickly they would take Mrs. Blood's advice, and get well."

There are thousands of persons who are not sick with any particular disease, but are just out of order, have weak nerves and tired bodies. They do not eat or sleep well, and wake tired mornings with dull-aching head and coated tongue. They don't feel well, have lost their snap and energy, and work has become an effort. All such people will find in Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy the magic wand which will make them well."

It is not a potent medicine, but the prescription of the most successful living specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene, of 35 West Fourteenth street, New York City. He has the largest practice in the world, and this grand medical discovery is the result of his vast experience. The great reputation of Dr. Greene is a guarantee that his medicine will cure, and the fact that he can be consulted by anyone at any time free of charge, personally or by letter, gives absolute assurance of the beneficial action of this wonderful medicine.

## WINTER GOODS—J. S. R. &amp; CO.

TEMPTING PRICES ON

## WINTER GOODS.

Ladies' Cloth Jackets  
 and Capes

At Marked Down Prices.

Ladies' Fur Capes

At Marked Down Prices.

Children's Cloaks

At Marked Down Prices.

Eiderdown Quilts

At Marked Down Prices.

Special Sale of DRESS GOODS

will be continued. All grades at reduced rates.

See our Special Bargains on double width, All-Wool Dress Goods at

-35c, 39c and 43c.-

## J. S. Rhodes &amp; Co.

The Rosy Freshness

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Porzoni's Complexion Powder.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LOST—ON MARKET STREET, BE-  
 TWEEN Fourteenth street and the  
 office, a valuable diamond stick pin. A liberal  
 reward will be paid for its return to Goetzke  
 Drug Store.

MONEY TO LOAN.  
 Cash always on hand in sums to suit  
 from \$10 and upwards, on real estate, and  
 furniture, &c., without removal; easy payment.  
 No charge unless loan is made. Confidential.  
 WHEELING LOAN COMPANY, Box 101,  
 1st Floor.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.  
 Having been appointed assignee of R. W.  
 Hise, of 1623 Market street, on January 11, 1895,  
 I hereby notify all persons knowing themselves  
 indebted to call and settle, and those having  
 claims against him will present them.  
 R. L. SEABRIGHT,